Appendix 2: Liver

Diagnosis	Service actions	Service mitigations	Safety net
Emergency liver presentations			
Acute decompensated cirrhosis	Review electronic info e.g. bloods/ radiology/ previous endoscopy	Regular senior review to ensure early hospital discharge with early	Urgent admission if presenting initially as an outpatient
Variceal haemorrhage	Many will be admitted via A/E or medical admissions	follow up Telephone follow up	Signposting to British Liver
Tense ascites or Significant Hepatic encephalopathy	Consider same day ambulatory care attendance and follow up where appropriate to avoid hospital	using medical teams	Trust website / other relevant local info
Jaundice (Bil >100)	admission Will usually be admitted via A/E or		Provide clear patient information
Acute liver injury with	medical admissions. Attending a one stop jaundice clinic is an alternative		Liver specialist nurse contact details
Jaundice (Bil >100 and/or INR >1.5)	Also use BSG/BASL decompensated cirrhosis care bundle with specialist		
Acute alcohol related hepatitis	local or regional input as required		
Acute liver failure			
Raised liver enzymes (ALP or ALT) >5x ULN			
	Triage – Track - Review Review the available electronic info e.g. liver screen and imaging. Ensure referrals have followed local or BSG guidelines for the investigation of abnormal liver blood tests including	Liver screen and ultrasound pre-clinic review or ultrasound done at one stop clinic	Urgent referral or admission via A/E or medical admissions Signposting to British Liver Trust website
	having liver screen and urgent ultrasound requested and for clinic		Local or BSG guidelines
C. J. Luce	review		Provide clear patient information
Suspected HCC or cholangiocarcinoma			
	Review available electronic info e.g. radiology and bloods	Tele-triage by consultant or HPB surgeon to assess with MDT as required	Specialist nurse, cancer helpline, GP
	Request appropriate imaging prior to clinic review		Provide clear patient information
Mild/moderate ascites			
	Triage – Track - Review	Recommend GP commences low dose	Urgent rereferral if ascites becomes tense

Clinical Jaundice (Bilirubin <100)	Review available electronic info e.g. bloods and radiology. For clinic review in due course	diuretics in line with BSG guidelines. Liver screen and ultrasound pre-clinic review or ultrasound done at one stop clinic Alcohol advice where appropriate	BSG guidelines GP Specialist nurse Provide clear patient information
Suspected	Review available electronic info e.g. bloods/ radiology/ previous endoscopy. Clinic review in due course	Tele-triage with consultant or specialist nurse Liver screen and ultrasound pre-clinic review or ultrasound done at one stop Jaundice clinic	Urgent re-referral if bilirubin rising Signposting to British Liver Trust website BSG guidelines GP Provide clear patient information
Cirrhosis	Triage – Track - Review	Liver screen and non-	
	Review available electronic info e.g. liver screen and imaging. Ensure referrals have followed local or BSG guidelines for the investigation of abnormal liver blood tests including having liver screen, ultrasound and non-invasive staging prior to referral Prioritise those with suspected portal hypertension (low platelets) or potentially treatable disease (eg AIH, HBV or HCV)	invasive staging prior to referral. Prioritise those with suspected portal hypertension (low platelets) or potentially treatable disease (eg AIH, HBV or HCV) Send out information to patients with suspected NAFLD or ARLD information on appropriate lifestyle advice	Signposting to British Liver Trust website GP Provide clear patient information
Hepatitis B in pregnancy	Triage – Track - Review	Potentially use specialist	
	Review available electronic info e.g. Liver blood tests and virology and imaging. Recommend HBV DNA testing when patient attend maternity	viral hepatitis nurse clinics	Signposting to British Liver Trust website.

Raised liver enzymes (ALP or ALT) <5x ULN	appointments to risk stratify — Priorities HbeAg pos or HBV DNA > 10 ⁶ IU/ML Triage — Track - Review Review available electronic info e.g. liver screen and imaging. Ensure referrals have followed local or BSG guidelines for the investigation of abnormal liver blood tests including having liver screen, ultrasound and non-invasive staging prior to referral	Follow local guidelines Liver screen and non- invasive staging prior to referral. Send out information to patients with suspected NAFLD or ARLD information on appropriate lifestyle advice For minimally raised liver enzymes without suspected underlying chronic liver disease recommend repeat liver enzymes testing in 1	Communicate directly with maternity services to ensure blood tests done early Liver specialist nurse contact details GP Provide clear patient information Rereferral if liver enzymes increasing to >5x ULN Signposting to British Liver Trust website GP Provide clear patient information
Suspected benign liver		remain elevated	
lesion (often referred			
from imaging findings)	Triage – Track - Review Review available electronic info e.g. bloods radiology. Request definitive imaging, eg MRI, prior to clinic review	Review previous equivocal imaging with senior radiologist to determine whether further imaging needed or optimal imaging modality. Telephone clinic for those who don't need further imaging.	Signposting to British Liver Trust website. Provide clear patient information
Other liver diagnoses			
	Triage – Track - Review Review available electronic info e.g. bloods and radiology.	AIH – prioritise for early clinic review or telephone clinic and	Routine referral Signposting to British Liver Trust website.

	possible direct liver biopsy NAFLD – send lifestyle advice information to patient ARLD – send advice on reducing alcohol consumption HCV or HBV– utilise viral hepatitis nurse led clinics PBC – consider recommending ursodeoxycholic acid via GP PSC – consider MRCP request prior to review	GP Provide clear patient information
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